

# Model Name: T576DC01 V0

**Issue Date : 2011/01/17**

**( ) Preliminary Specifications**

**(\*) Final Specifications**

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By  _____		Approval By PM Director Yen Ting Chiu  _____	
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen  _____	
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		Prepared By PM Chris Huang  _____	

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## Record of Revision

[illegible]

# 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 57.6 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T576DC01 V0. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 2,560x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 57.6 inch. This module supports 2,560x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T576DC01 V0 has been designed to apply the 10-bit 8 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important. Also, 3D function is also embedded into front glass as pattern retarder.

## \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	57.64	inch	
Display Area	1349.76(H) x 569.43(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	1410.7(H) x 628.5 (V) x 12.8(D)	mm	D: front bezel to T-con cover
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	1358.7 (H) x 575.4 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	10 bit, 1.07B	Colors	
Number of Pixels	2,560x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.52725 (H) x 0.52725 (W)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Rotate Function	Achievable		Note 1

Note 1: Rotate Function refers to LCD display could be able to rotate.

## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

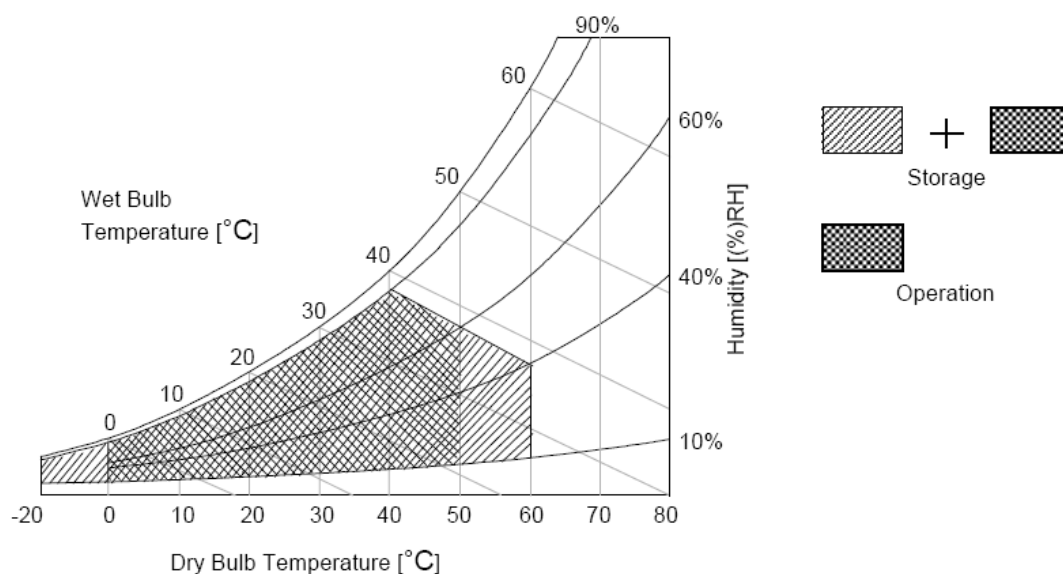
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	V <sub>in</sub>	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	V <sub>DDB</sub>	-0.3	28	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
BLU on/off Control Voltage	V <sub>BLON</sub>	-0.3	7	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	V <sub>dim</sub>	-0.3	7	V <sub>DC</sub>	Note 1
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	H <sub>OP</sub>	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	H <sub>ST</sub>	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	P <sub>ST</sub>		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition



## 3. Electrical Specification

The T576DC01 V0 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The other is to power Back Light Unit.

### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

#### 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

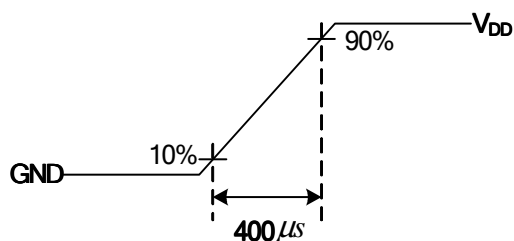
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max		
LCD							
Power Supply Input Voltage		$V_{DD}$	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{DC}$	
Power Supply Input Current		$I_{DD}$	--	2.0	2.5	A	1
Power Consumption		$P_C$	--	24	30	Watt	1
Inrush Current		$I_{RUSH}$	--	--	3	A	2
LVDS Interface	Input Differential Voltage	$ V_{ID} $	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	+100	--	+300	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-300	--	-100	$mV_{DC}$	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	$V_{ICM}$	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	3
HDR	Function on/off	On		3.3		$V_{DC}$	4
		Off		GND		$V_{DC}$	4
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{IH}$ (High)	2.7	--	3.3	$V_{DC}$	5
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{IL}$ (Low)	0	--	0.6	$V_{DC}$	5
Backlight Power Consumption		$P_{BL}$	138	147	156	Watt	
Life time (MTTF)			30000			Hour	9,10

### 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

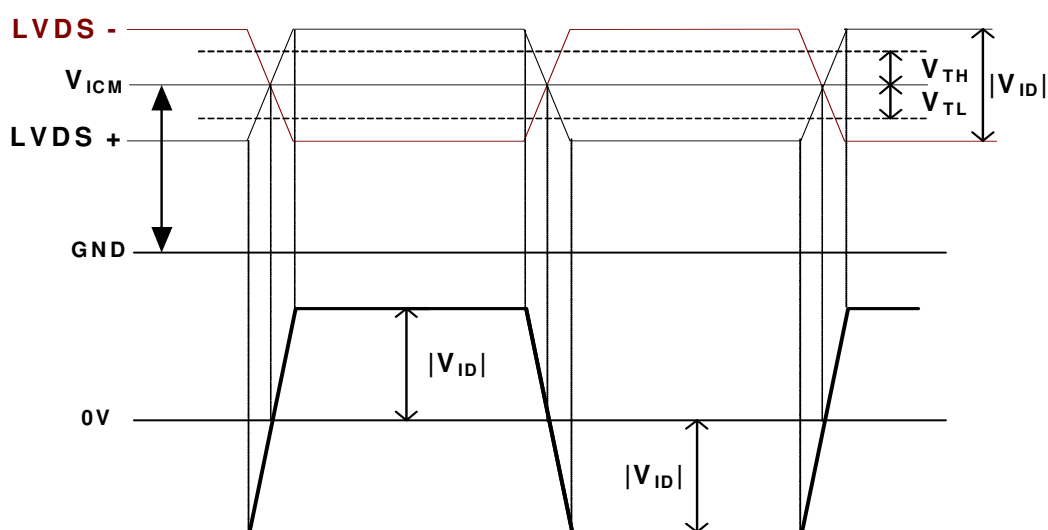
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max		
LVDS Interface	Input Channel Pair Skew Margin	$t_{\text{SKEW (CP)}}$	-500	--	+500	ps	6
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%	--	Fclk +3%	MHz	7
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	--	200	KHz	7
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	-- --	0.4 0.5	ns	8

**Note :**

1.  $V_{DD} = 12.0V$ ,  $F_v = 120Hz$ ,  $F_{clk} = 77.29MHz$ ,  $25^\circ C$ , Test Pattern : White Pattern
2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us



3.  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$



4. HDR Interface: Function Table

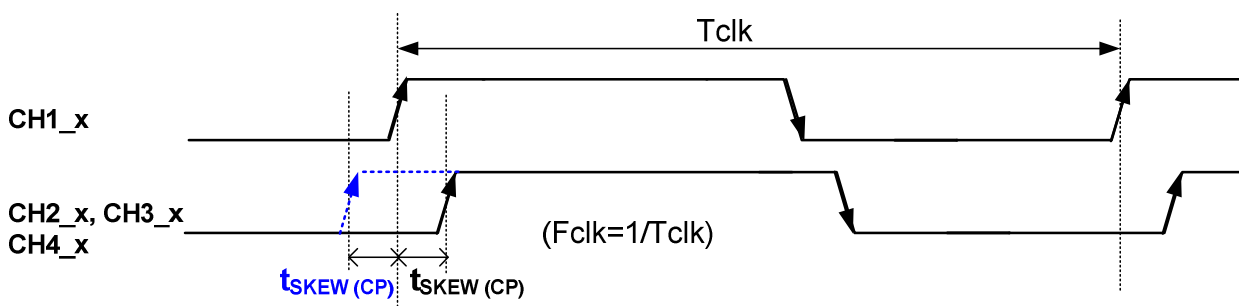
Input	
HDR_Enable	
High	HDR Enable
Low	HDR Disable
NC	NC

Note.(4-1) : During the deep duty control, partial darkness or center darkness might happen due to insufficient LED current.

Note.(4-2): At low temperature, more warm up time may be needed.

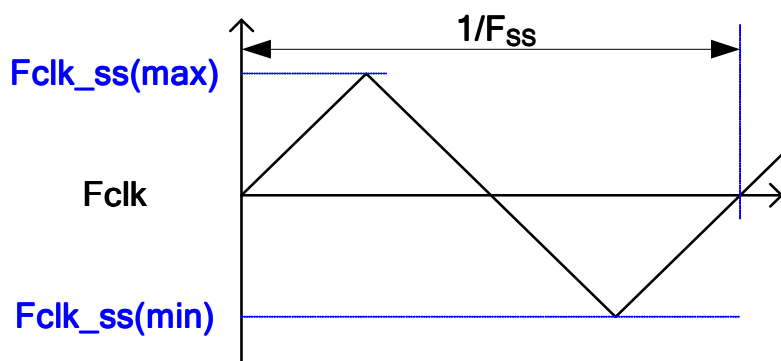
5. The measure points of  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.

6. Input Channel Pair Skew Margin



Note: x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

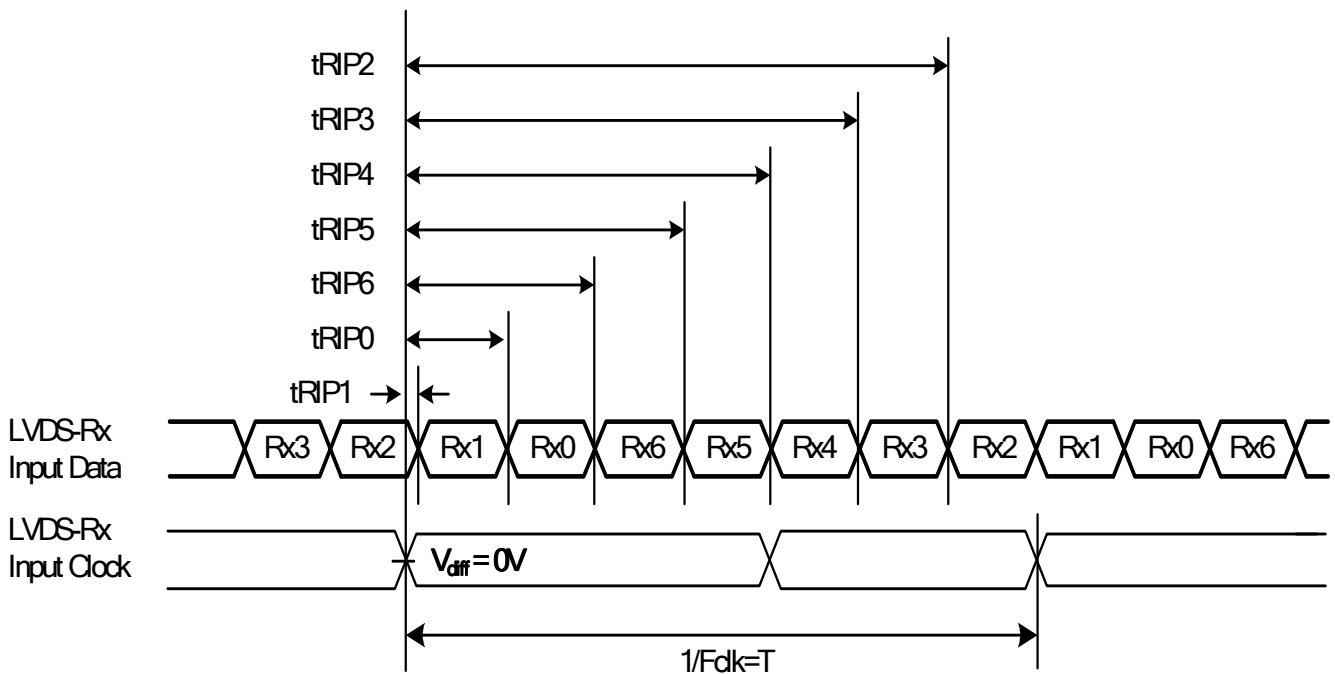
7. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures





**8. Receiver Data Input Margin**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Note
		Min	Type	Max		
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	--	Fclk (max)	MHz	$T=1/Fclk$
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	$T/7 -  tRMG $	$T/7$	$T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	$2T/7 -  tRMG $	$2T/7$	$2T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	$3T/7 -  tRMG $	$3T/7$	$3T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	$4T/7 -  tRMG $	$4T/7$	$4T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	$5T/7 -  tRMG $	$5T/7$	$5T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	$6T/7 -  tRMG $	$6T/7$	$6T/7 +  tRMG $	ns	



9. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
10. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value.  
[Operating condition: Continuous operating at  $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ]

## Interface Connections

- LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF \*2 + FI-RE41S-HF\*2 (JAE, LVDS connector)
- Mating connector:

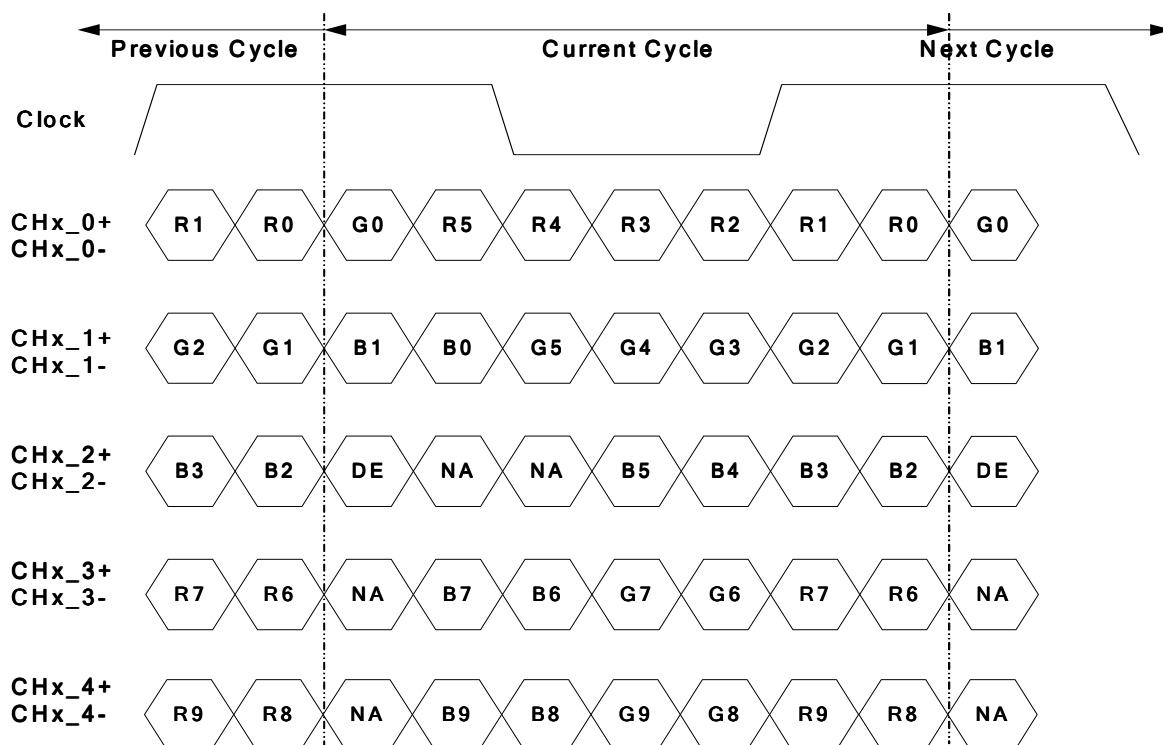
<b>J101</b>	<b>Connector</b>	<b>JAE FI-RE51S-HF</b>
<b>Pin number</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
6	N.C.	No connection
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
11	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
12	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
13	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
14	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
15	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
16	GND	Ground
17	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
18	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
19	GND	Ground
20	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
21	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
22	CH1_4-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4-
23	CH1_4+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 4+
24	GND	Ground
25	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
26	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
27	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
28	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
29	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
30	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
31	GND	Ground
32	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
33	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
34	GND	Ground
35	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
36	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
37	CH2_4-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4-
38	CH2_4+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 4+
39	GND	Ground
40	N.C.	No connection
41	N.C.	No connection
42	N.C.	No connection
43	N.C.	No connection
44	N.C.	No connection
45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
46	N.C.	No connection
47	N.C.	No connection
48	N.C.	No connection
49	<b>HDR _Enable</b>	<b>DCR Function ON/OFF Selection</b> . Low(GND)/Open : Disable . High(3.3V) : Enable
50	N.C.	No connection
51	N.C.	No connection

<b>J102</b>	<b>Connector</b>	<b>JAE FI-RE41S-HF</b>
<b>Pin number</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>BITSEL</b>	<b>LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection</b> <b>Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits</b> <b>Low(GND) : 8bits</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>3D_EN</b>	<b>3D Function Enable</b> <b>High(3.3V) : 3D</b> <b>Open/Low(GND) : 2D</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>7</b>	GND	Ground
<b>8</b>	GND	Ground
<b>9</b>	GND	Ground
<b>10</b>	CH3_0-	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 0-
<b>11</b>	CH3_0+	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 0+
<b>12</b>	CH3_1-	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 1-
<b>13</b>	CH3_1+	LVDS Channel 3 Si3nal 1+
<b>14</b>	CH3_2-	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 2-
<b>15</b>	CH3_2+	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 2+
<b>16</b>	GND	Ground
<b>17</b>	CH3_CLK-	LVDS Channel 3, Clock -
<b>18</b>	CH3_CLK+	LVDS Channel 3, Clock +
<b>19</b>	GND	Ground
<b>20</b>	CH3_3-	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 3-
<b>21</b>	CH3_3+	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 3+
<b>22</b>	CH3_4-	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 4-
<b>23</b>	CH3_4+	LVDS Channel 3, Si3nal 4+
<b>24</b>	GND	Ground
<b>25</b>	CH4_0-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0-
<b>26</b>	CH4_0+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 0+
<b>27</b>	CH4_1-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1-
<b>28</b>	CH4_1+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 1+
<b>29</b>	CH4_2-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2-
<b>30</b>	CH4_2+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 2+
<b>31</b>	GND	Ground
<b>32</b>	CH4_CLK-	LVDS Channel 4, Clock -
<b>33</b>	CH4_CLK+	LVDS Channel 4, Clock +
<b>34</b>	GND	Ground
<b>35</b>	CH4_3-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3-
<b>36</b>	CH4_3+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 3+
<b>37</b>	CH4_4-	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4-
<b>38</b>	CH4_4+	LVDS Channel 4, Signal 4+
<b>39</b>	GND	Ground
<b>40</b>	GND	Ground
<b>41</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>

<b>J103</b>	<b>Connector</b>	<b>JAE FI-RE51S-HF</b>
<b>Pin number</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
6	N.C.	No connection
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	GND	Ground
10	CH5_0-	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 0-
11	CH5_0+	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 0+
12	CH5_1-	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 1-
13	CH5_1+	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 1+
14	CH5_2-	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 2-
15	CH5_2+	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 2+
16	GND	Ground
17	CH5_CLK-	LVDS Channel 5, Clock -
18	CH5_CLK+	LVDS Channel 5, Clock +
19	GND	Ground
20	CH5_3-	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 3-
21	CH5_3+	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 3+
22	CH5_4-	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 4-
23	CH5_4+	LVDS Channel 5, Signal 4+
24	GND	Ground
25	CH6_0-	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 0-
26	CH6_0+	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 0+
27	CH6_1-	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 1-
28	CH6_1+	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 1+
29	CH6_2-	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 2-
30	CH6_2+	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 2+
31	GND	Ground
32	CH6_CLK-	LVDS Channel 6, Clock -
33	CH6_CLK+	LVDS Channel 6, Clock +
34	GND	Ground
35	CH6_3-	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 3-
36	CH6_3+	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 3+
37	CH6_4-	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 4-
38	CH6_4+	LVDS Channel 6, Signal 4+
39	GND	Ground
40	N.C.	No connection
41	N.C.	No connection
42	N.C.	No connection
43	N.C.	No connection
44	N.C.	No connection
45	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
46	N.C.	No connection
47	N.C.	No connection
48	N.C.	No connection
49	<b>HDR _Enable</b>	<b>DCR Function ON/OFF Selection</b> . Low(GND)/Open : Disable . High(3.3V) : Enable
50	N.C.	No connection
51	N.C.	No connection

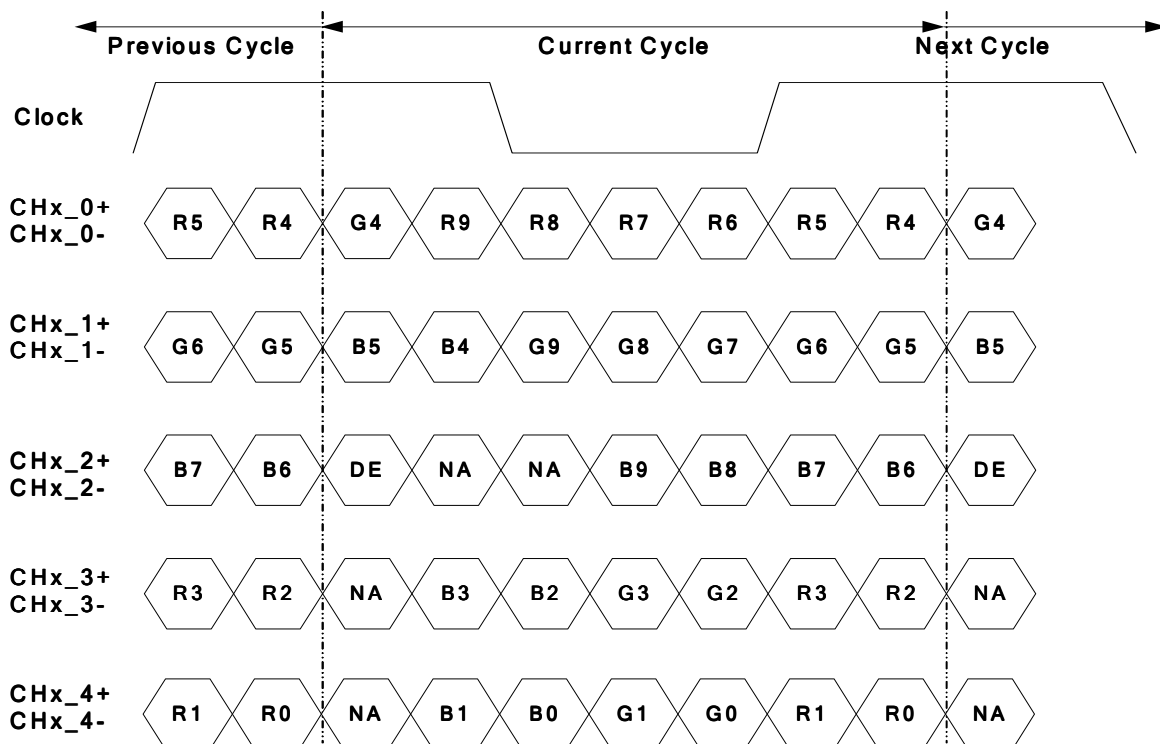
<b>J104</b>	<b>Connector</b>	<b>JAE FI-RE41S-HF</b>
<b>Pin number</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>BITSEL</b>	<b>LVDS 8/10bit Input Selection</b> <b>Open/High(3.3V) : 10bits</b> <b>Low(GND) : 8bits</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>3D_EN</b>	<b>3D Function Enable</b> <b>High(3.3V) : 3D</b> <b>Open/Low(GND) : 2D</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>
<b>7</b>	GND	Ground
<b>8</b>	GND	Ground
<b>9</b>	GND	Ground
<b>10</b>	CH7_0-	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 0-
<b>11</b>	CH7_0+	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 0+
<b>12</b>	CH7_1-	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 1-
<b>13</b>	CH7_1+	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 1+
<b>14</b>	CH7_2-	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 2-
<b>15</b>	CH7_2+	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 2+
<b>16</b>	GND	Ground
<b>17</b>	CH7_CLK-	LVDS Channel 7, Clock -
<b>18</b>	CH7_CLK+	LVDS Channel 7, Clock +
<b>19</b>	GND	Ground
<b>20</b>	CH7_3-	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 3-
<b>21</b>	CH7_3+	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 3+
<b>22</b>	CH7_4-	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 4-
<b>23</b>	CH7_4+	LVDS Channel 7, Signal 4+
<b>24</b>	GND	Ground
<b>25</b>	CH8_0-	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 0-
<b>26</b>	CH8_0+	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 0+
<b>27</b>	CH8_1-	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 1-
<b>28</b>	CH8_1+	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 1+
<b>29</b>	CH8_2-	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 2-
<b>30</b>	CH8_2+	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 2+
<b>31</b>	GND	Ground
<b>32</b>	CH8_CLK-	LVDS Channel 8, Clock -
<b>33</b>	CH8_CLK+	LVDS Channel 8, Clock +
<b>34</b>	GND	Ground
<b>35</b>	CH8_3-	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 3-
<b>36</b>	CH8_3+	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 3+
<b>37</b>	CH8_4-	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 4-
<b>38</b>	CH8_4+	LVDS Channel 8, Signal 4+
<b>39</b>	GND	Ground
<b>40</b>	GND	Ground
<b>41</b>	<b>NC</b>	<b>AUO Internal Use Only</b>

**LVDS Option = High/Open→NS**



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

**LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA**



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

### 3.2 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

#### Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	1096	1130	1392	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	1080			Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	50	312	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	520	570	580	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	320			Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	200	250	260	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	66	77.29	80.74	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	94	120	122	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	120	135.6	139.2	KHz

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

(2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.

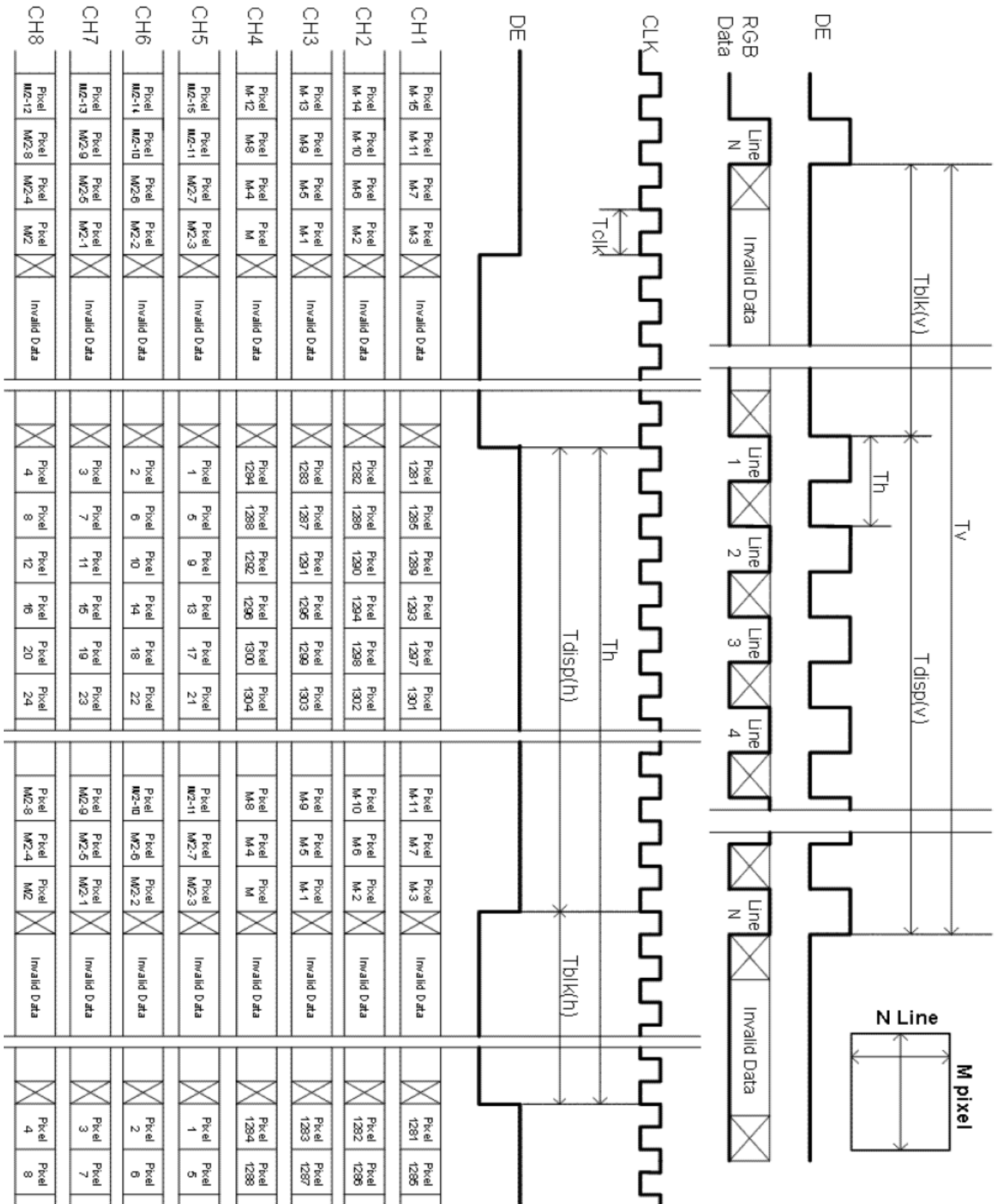
(3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 2560 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

(4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.

(5) Under 3D mode, signal should be input as following sequence: 1<sup>st</sup> line: right eye, 2<sup>nd</sup> line: left eye (when rotate function is not implemented and Tcon position is at panel upper side).



### 3.3 Signal Timing Waveforms





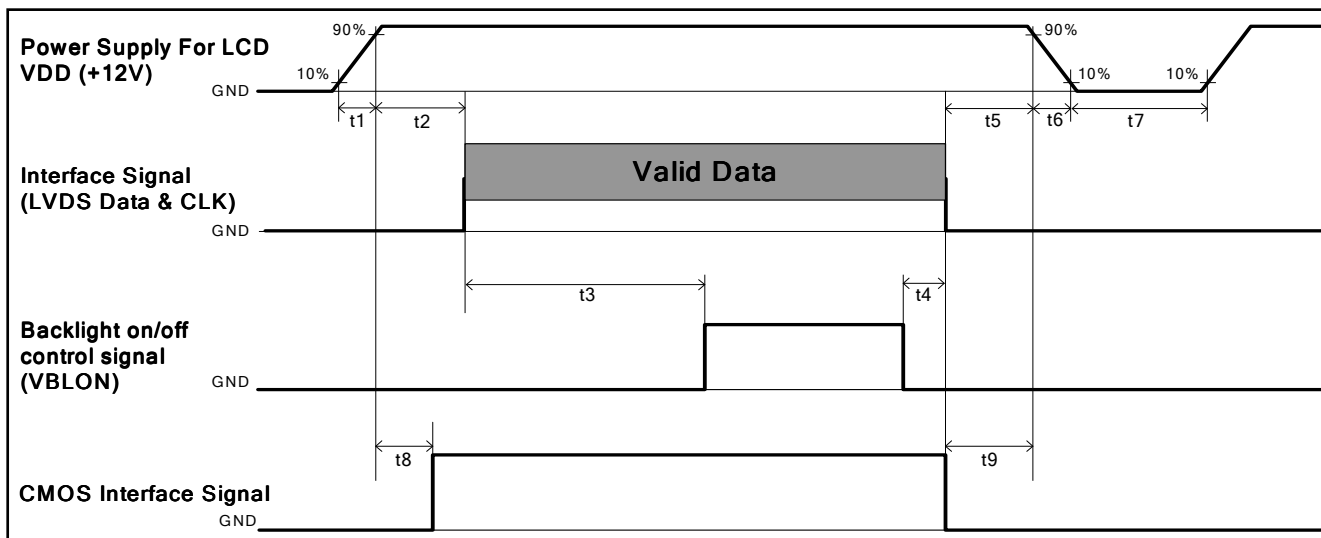
### 3.4 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 10 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

#### COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																														
		RED										GREEN										BLUE										
		MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB					MSB					LSB					
		R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
R	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	----																															
	RED(1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	----																															
	GREEN(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
	----																															
	BLUE(1022)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter	Values			Unit
	Min.	Type.	Max.	
t1	0.4	---	30	ms
t2	0.1	---	<b>50</b>	ms
t3	<b>450</b>	---	---	ms
t4	0 <sup>*1</sup>	---	---	ms
t5	0	---	---	ms
t6	---	---	--- <sup>*2</sup>	ms
t7	500	---	---	ms
t8	10	---	50	ms
t9	0	---	---	ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)

### 3.7 Backlight Specification (independent driver board)

The backlight unit contains 8pcs light bar.

#### 3.7.1 Electrical specification

	Item	Symbol	Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
				Min	Typ	Max		
1	Input Voltage	V <sub>DDB</sub>	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I <sub>DDB</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V		6.13	6.5	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P <sub>DDB</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V		147	156	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V			7	ADC	2
5	On/Off control voltage	V <sub>BLON</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
				0	-	0.8		3
6	On/Off control current	I <sub>BLON</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	Dimming Control Voltage	V <sub>DIM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	3.1	-	5.5	VDC	4
				0.3	-	-	VDC	-
8	Dimming Control Current	I <sub>DIM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM_R	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	10	-	100	%	5
10	External PWM Control Voltage	V <sub>EPWM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
			V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	0	-	0.8		-
11	External PWM Control Current	I <sub>EPWM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
12	External PWM Duty ratio	D <sub>EPWM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	10	-	100	%	5
13	External PWM Frequency	F <sub>EPWM</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
14	DET status signal	DET	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	Open Collector			VDC	6
				0	-	0.8	VDC	6
15	Input Impedance	R <sub>in</sub>	V <sub>DDB</sub> =24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) ( Ta=25±5℃ , Turn on for 45minutes )

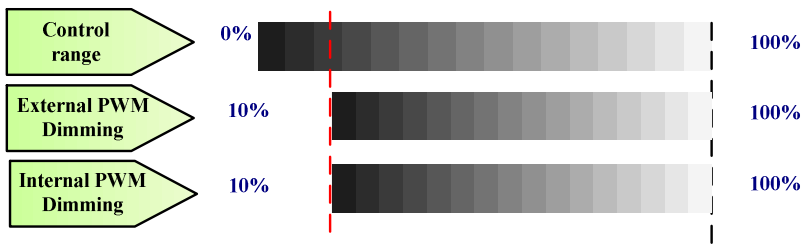
Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (V<sub>DDB</sub> : 10%~90%);

Note 3: When BLU off ( V<sub>DDB</sub> = 24V , V<sub>BLON</sub> = 0V ) , I<sub>DDB</sub> (max) = 0.02A

Note 4: V<sub>DIM</sub> voltage of 100% duty ratio =3.1V~3.3V means Burst Mode entry point should be located between 3.1V and 3.3V.

Note 5: Less than 10% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

Note 6: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector



PWM Dimming : include Internal and External PWM Dimming

### 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

LED driver board connector : Cvilux CI0114M1HR0-NH & CI0112M1HR0-NH

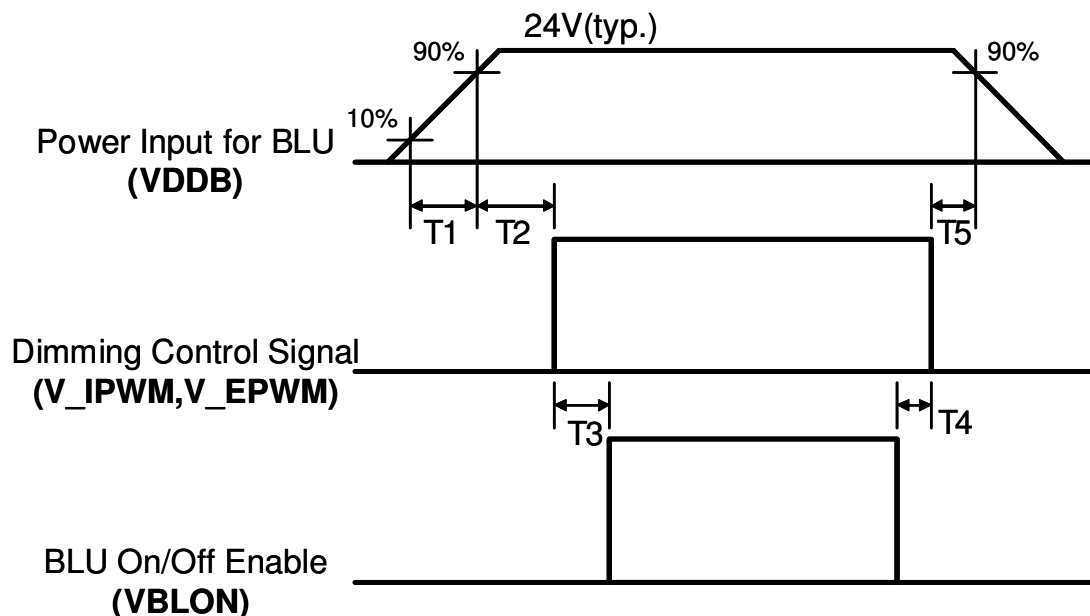
14 pin assignments

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
12	VBLOn	BLU On-Off control: High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ; Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off
13	VDIM(**)	Internal PWM (0.3 ~3.3V for 10~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at External PWM mode>
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (10%~100% Duty, open for 100%) < NC ; at Internal PWM mode>

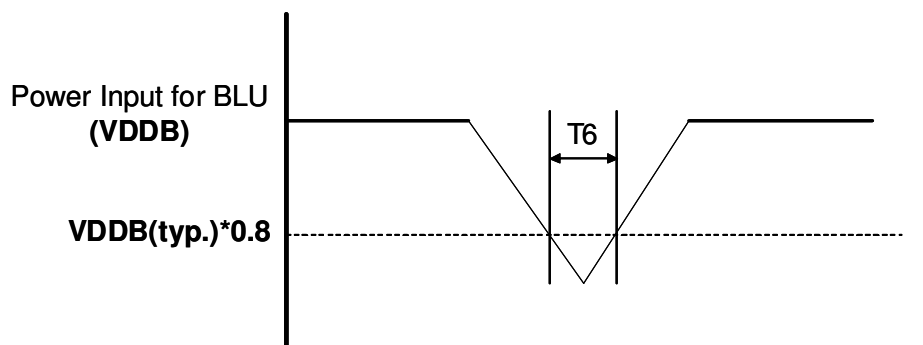
## 12pin pin assignments

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	NC	No connection
12	NC	No connection

### 3.7.3 Power Sequence for Backlight



### Dip condition for Inverter

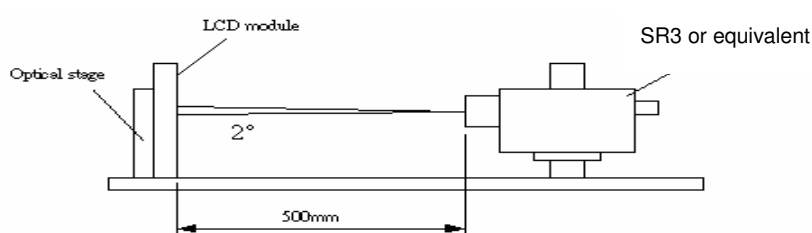


Parameter	Value			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
T3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms

## 4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

**Fig.1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.**



Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max		
Contrast Ratio		CR	3200	4000	--		1
Surface Luminance (White)		$L_{WH}(2D)$	320	400	--	$cd/m^2$	2
		$L_{WH}(3D)$		200			6
Luminance Variation		$\delta_{WHITE(9P)}$	--	--	1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)		$T_y$	--	8	--	Ms	4
Color Gamut		NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates							
	Red	$R_x$	Typ.-0.03	0.630	Typ.+0.03		
		$R_y$		0.330			
	Green	$G_x$		0.320			
		$G_y$		0.620			
	Blue	$B_x$		0.150			
		$B_y$		0.040			
	White	$W_x$		0.280			
		$W_y$		0.290			
Viewing Angle							5
2D	x axis, right( $\phi=0^\circ$ )	$\theta_r$	--	89	--	degree	
	x axis, left( $\phi=180^\circ$ )	$\theta_l$	--	89	--	degree	
	y axis, up( $\phi=90^\circ$ )	$\theta_u$	--	89	--	degree	
	y axis, down ( $\phi=270^\circ$ )	$\theta_d$	--	89	--	degree	
3D	y axis, up + down	$\theta_u + \theta_d$			30	degree	6
3D cross talk (middle)			--	1	3	%	6
3D cross talk (vertical)					10	%	6

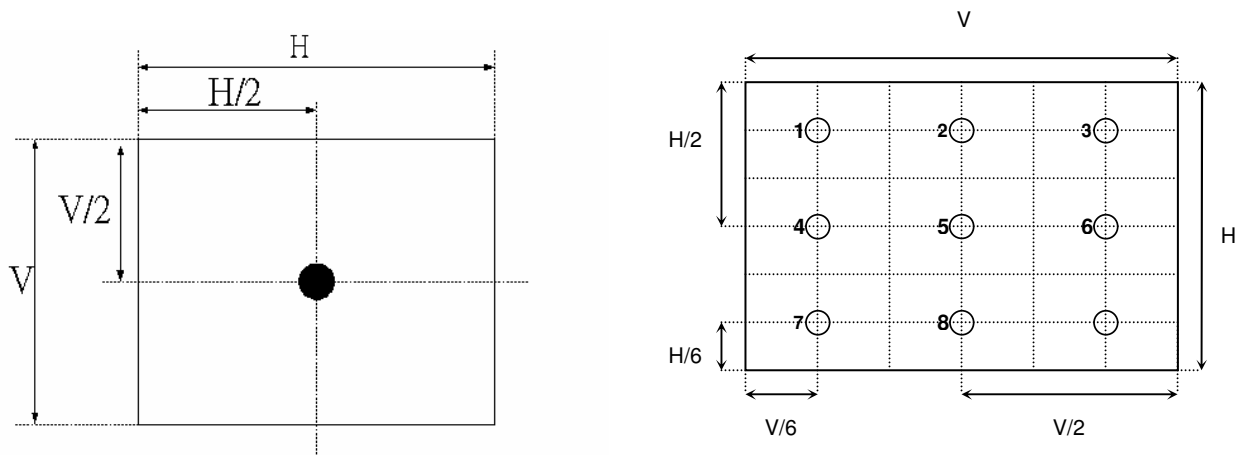
Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{on5}}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{off5}}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When LED input  $V_{\text{DDB}} = 24\text{V}$ ,  $I_{\text{DDB}} = \text{Typical value}$ ,  $L_{\text{WH}} = L_{\text{on5}}$  where  $L_{\text{on5}}$  is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.

**FIG. 2 Luminance**



3. The variation in surface luminance,  $\delta\text{WHITE}$  is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta\text{WHITE}_{(\text{GP})} = \frac{\text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})}{\text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on1}}, L_{\text{on2}}, \dots, L_{\text{on9}})}$$

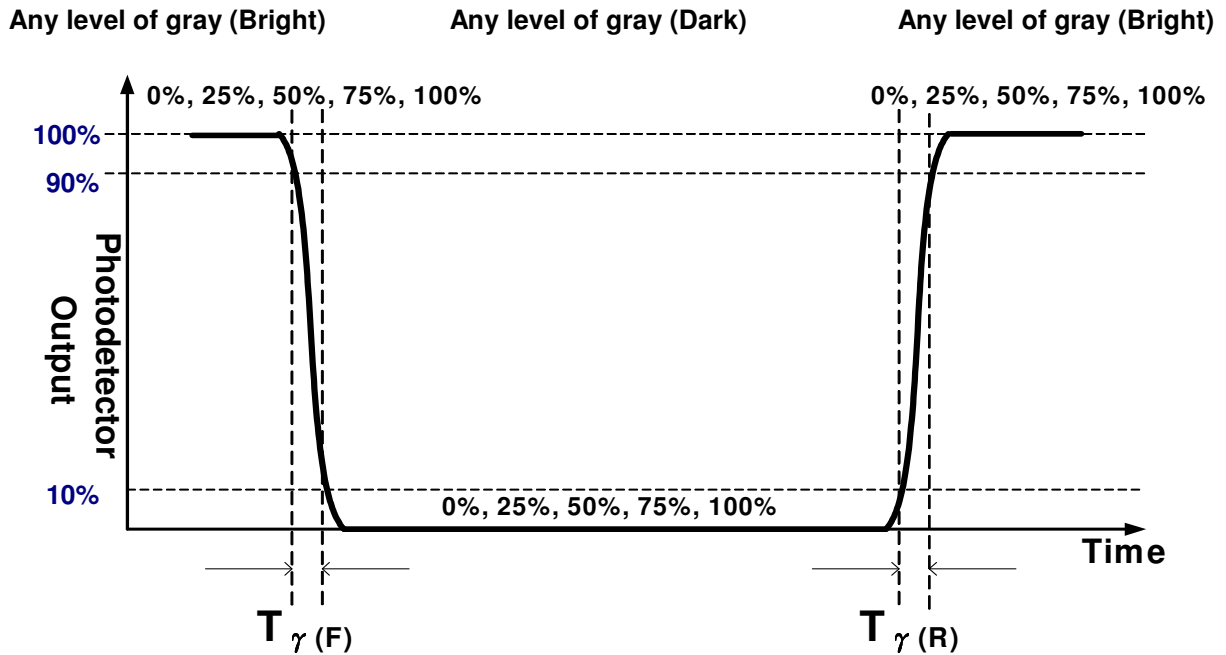
4. Response time  $T_\gamma$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_v = 120\text{Hz}$  to optimize.

Measured Response Time		Target				
		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
Start	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%
	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

$T_\gamma$  is determined by 10% to 90% brightness difference of rising or falling period. (As illustrated)

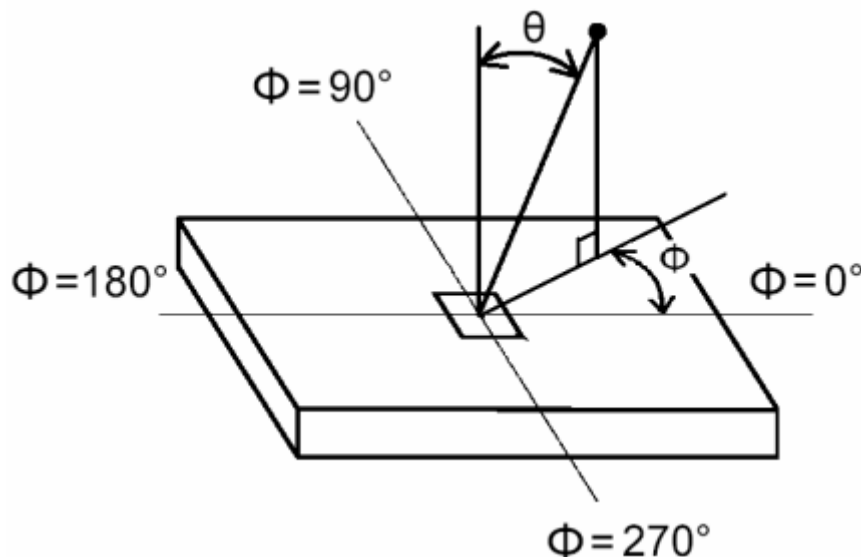
The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for “any level of grey(bright)” and “any level of grey(dark)”.





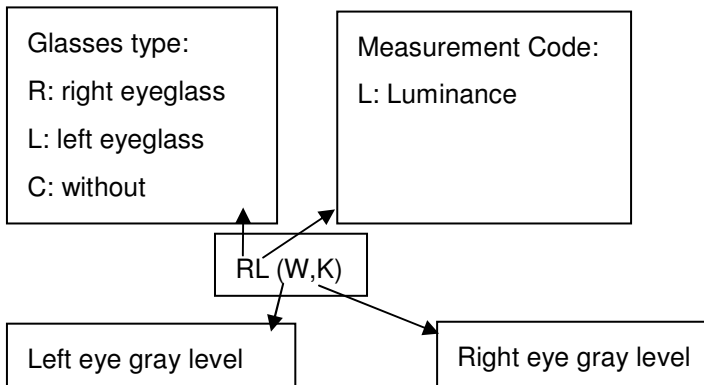
5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

**FIG.3 Viewing Angle**



6. 3D performance specification is expressed by 3D luminance, 3D Crosstalk and 3D viewing angle. 3D luminance which is defined by summation of left and right eye brightness under wearing glasses condition is measured at panel center point. Also, 3D crosstalk is measured at panel center point.
- Cross talk (middle) is defined by observation position which is 1.7m distance from panel center point and human head in 0 degree steady vertical angle from panel mid axis level.
  - Cross talk (in vertical viewing angle) is defined by observation position which is 1.7m distance from panel center point and observation range within specified degrees of vertical angle from panel mid axis level.
- For more information, refer to 6-5 3D Measurement of 3D view angle.

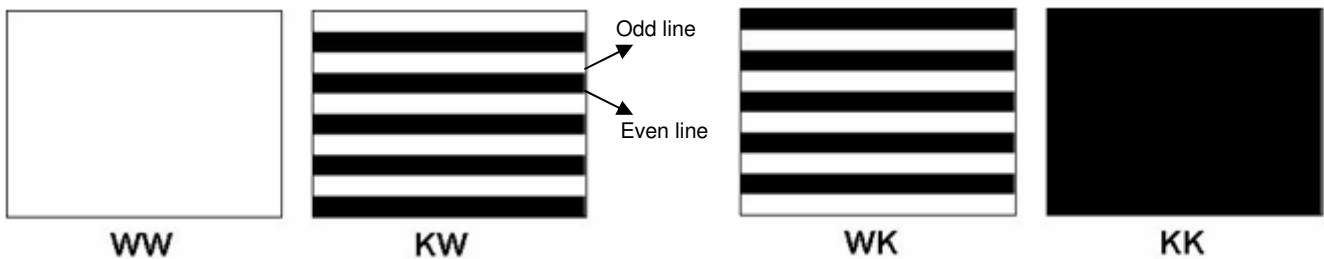
#### 6-1 Notation of measurement.



#### 6-2 Measurement Configuration

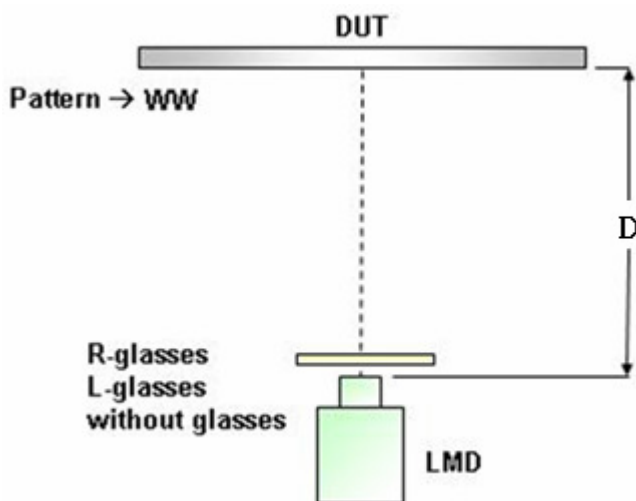
4-test patterns (first character refers to Left eye gray level; second one refers to Right eye gray level).

W is defined as brightness gray level; K is defined as dark state where black and white lines are displayed on even or odd lines.



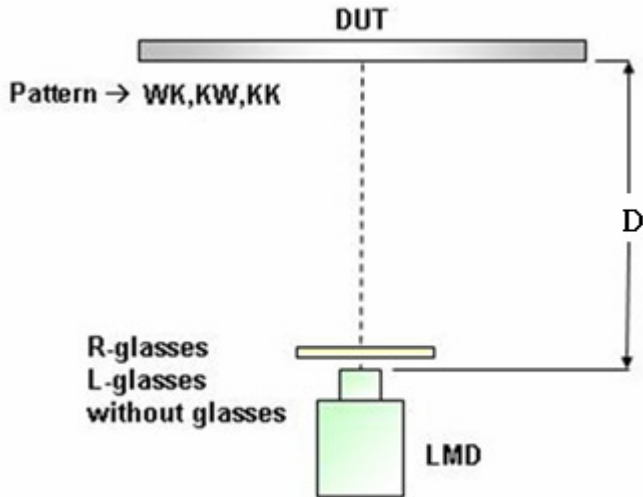
#### 6-3 Measurement of 3D luminance

- Test pattern WW is displayed, measuring distance is 50cm.
- Left or right eyeglass are placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed) successively and luminance is measured at panel center point where the notation for luminance measurement is RL(W,W) and LL(W,W).



#### 6-4 Measurement of 3D Crosstalk

- Test patterns KW, WK and KK are displayed, measuring distance is 1.7m.
- Right or left eyeglass is placed in front of SR3 or equivalent equipment (as FIG1 showed) successively and luminance is measured at panel center point



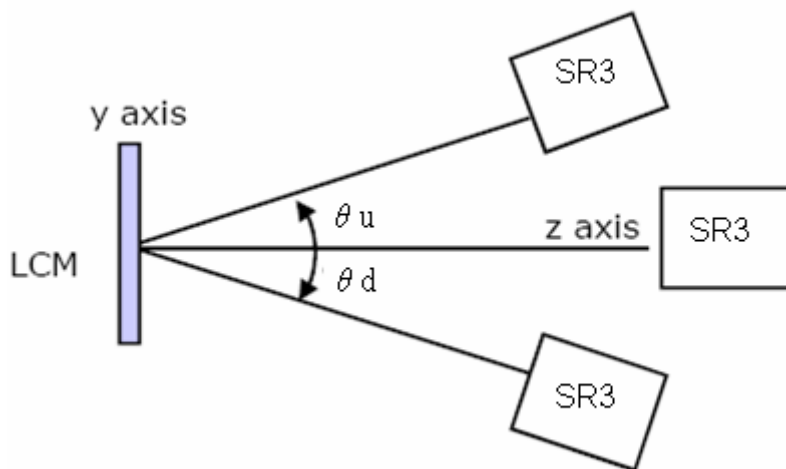
$$Crosstalk_R = \frac{R_L(W, K) - R_L(K, K)}{R_L(K, W) - R_L(K, K)} \times 100\%$$

$$Crosstalk_L = \frac{L_L(K, W) - L_L(K, K)}{L_L(W, K) - L_L(K, K)} \times 100\%$$

$$Crosstalk = \frac{Crosstalk_R + Crosstalk_L}{2}$$

#### 6-5 Measurement of 3D view angle

The angles are determined for the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface and measured at panel center position.

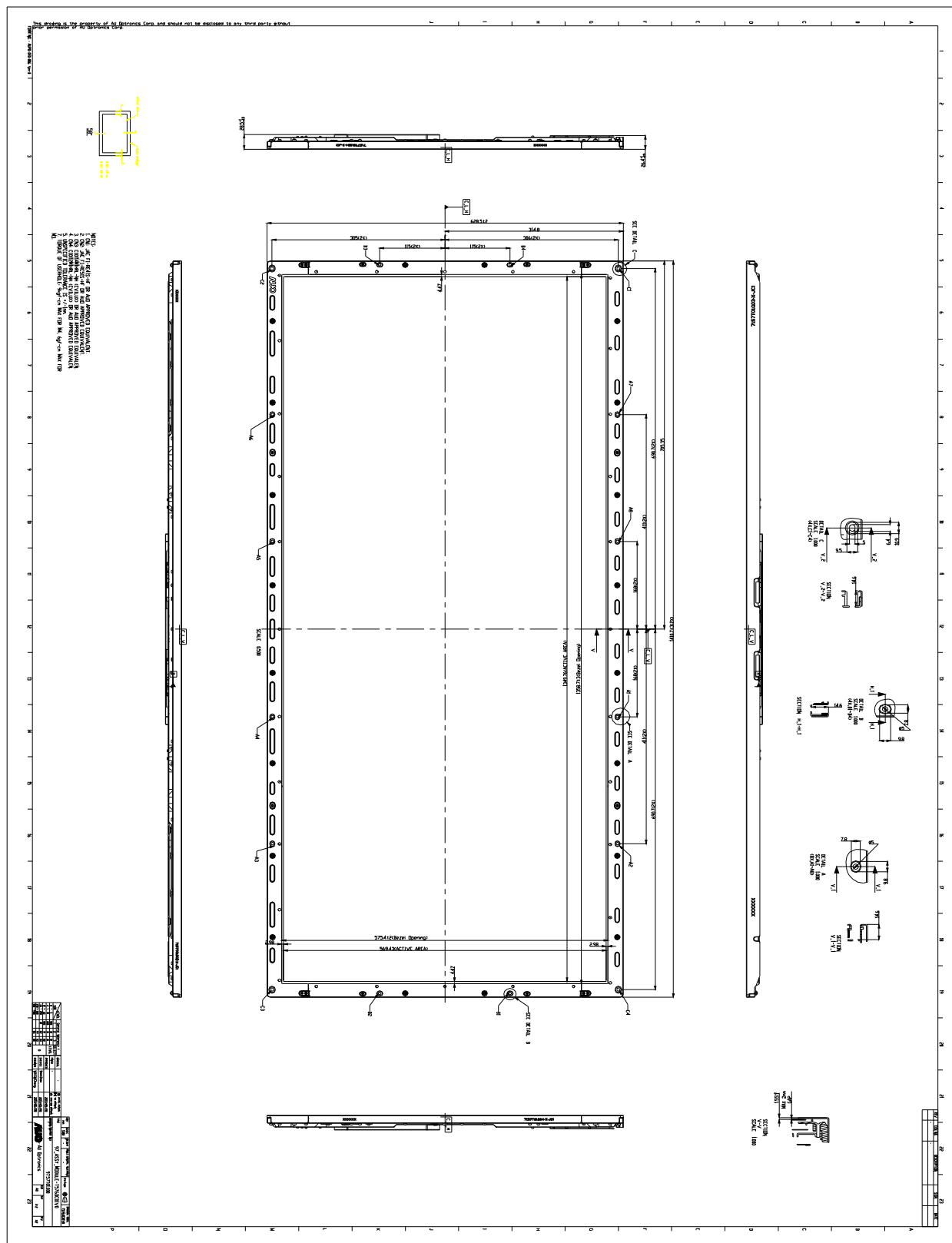


## 5. Mechanical Characteristics

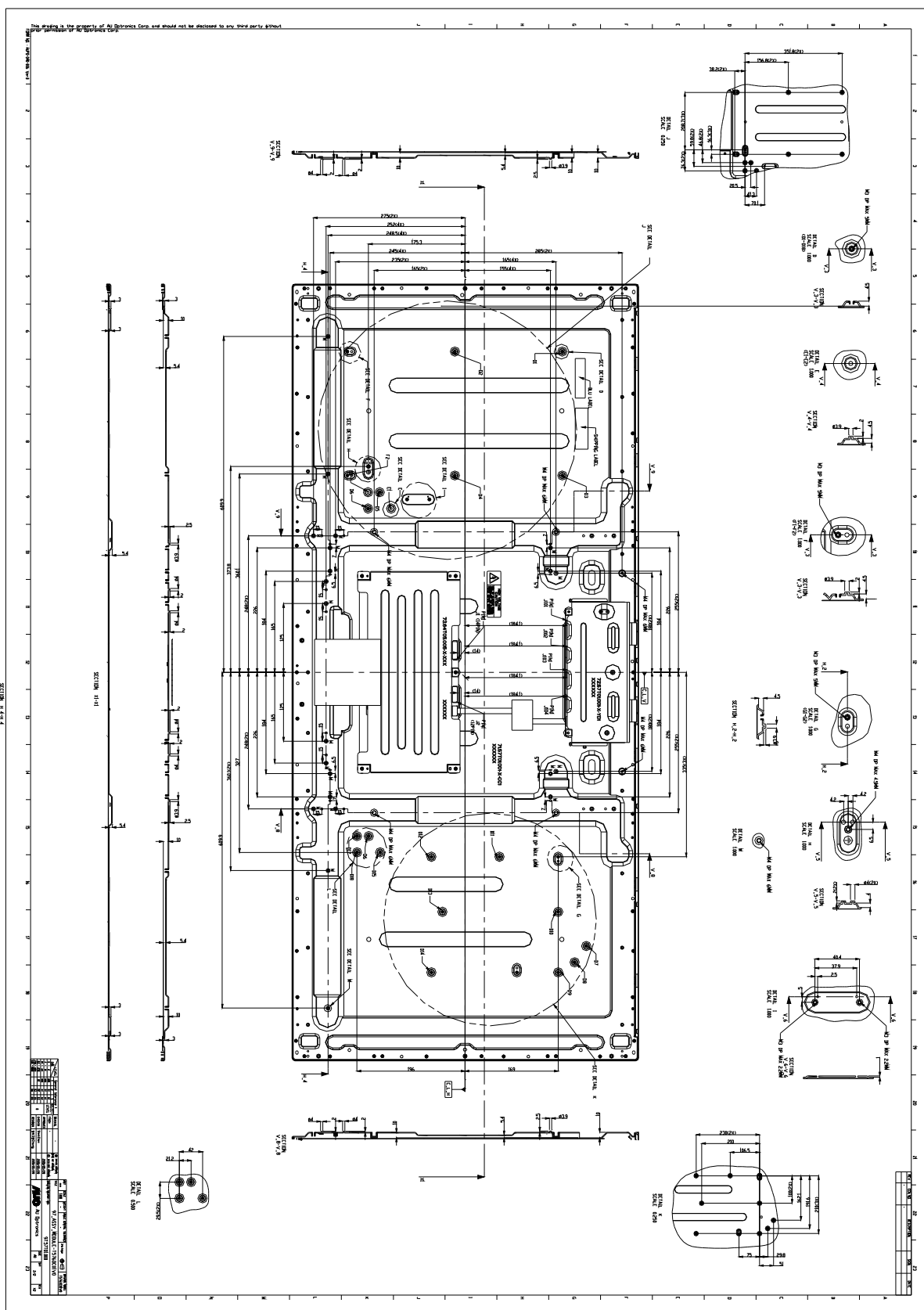
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T576DC01 V0. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Item		Dimension	Unit	Note
Outline Dimension	Horizontal	1410.7	mm	
	Vertical	628.5	mm	
	Depth (Dmin)	12.8	mm	to rear
	Depth (Dmax)	26.4	mm	to control board cover
Weight	15500		g	

### Front View



### Back View



## 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60℃ , 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃ , 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50℃ , 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃ , 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form: random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z 10min per axes X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level 30G,11ms in ±X,Y,Z axis Waveform: half sine wave Direction: One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	5	Random wave (1.05Grms 10~200Hz) Duration : X,Y,Z 10min per axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	5	Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I) Front, rear, left, right faces 1 time Bottom face 2 times

## 7. International Standard

### 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

### 7.2 EMC

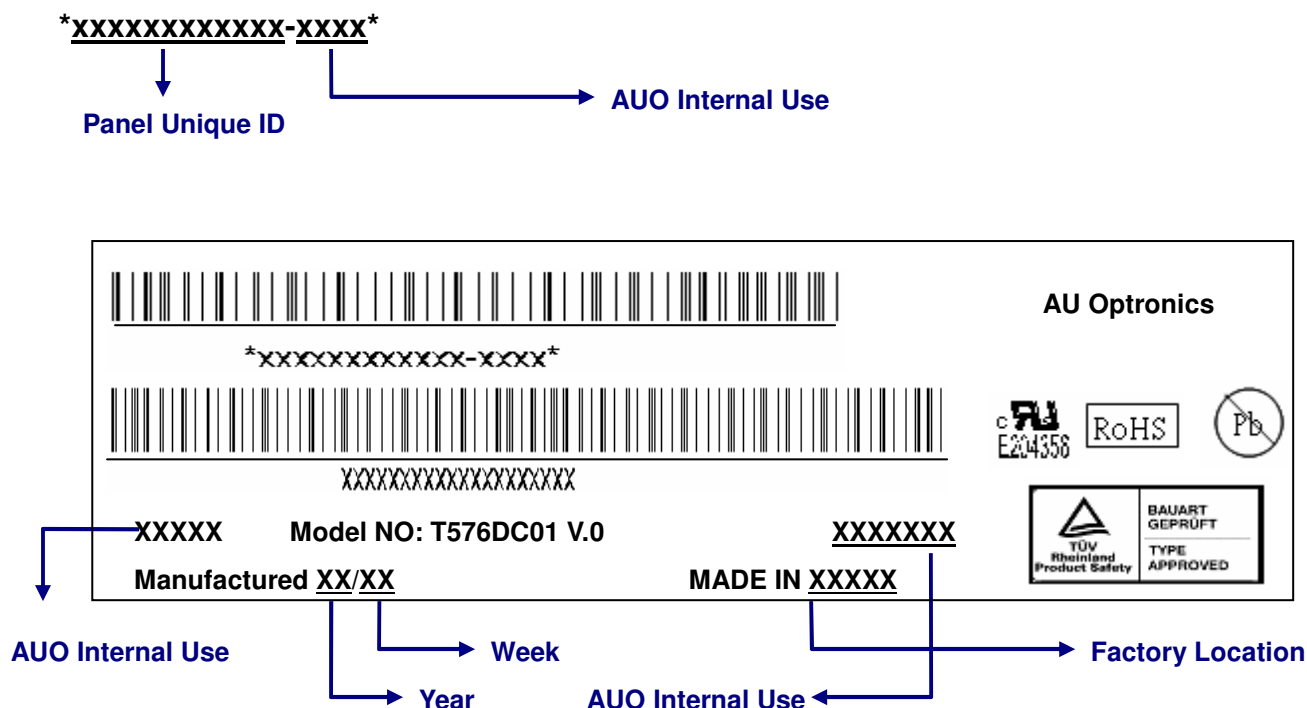
- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998





## 8. Packing

### 8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:

#### A. Panel Label:


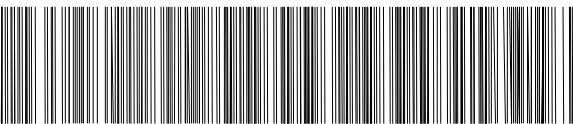


#### Green mark description

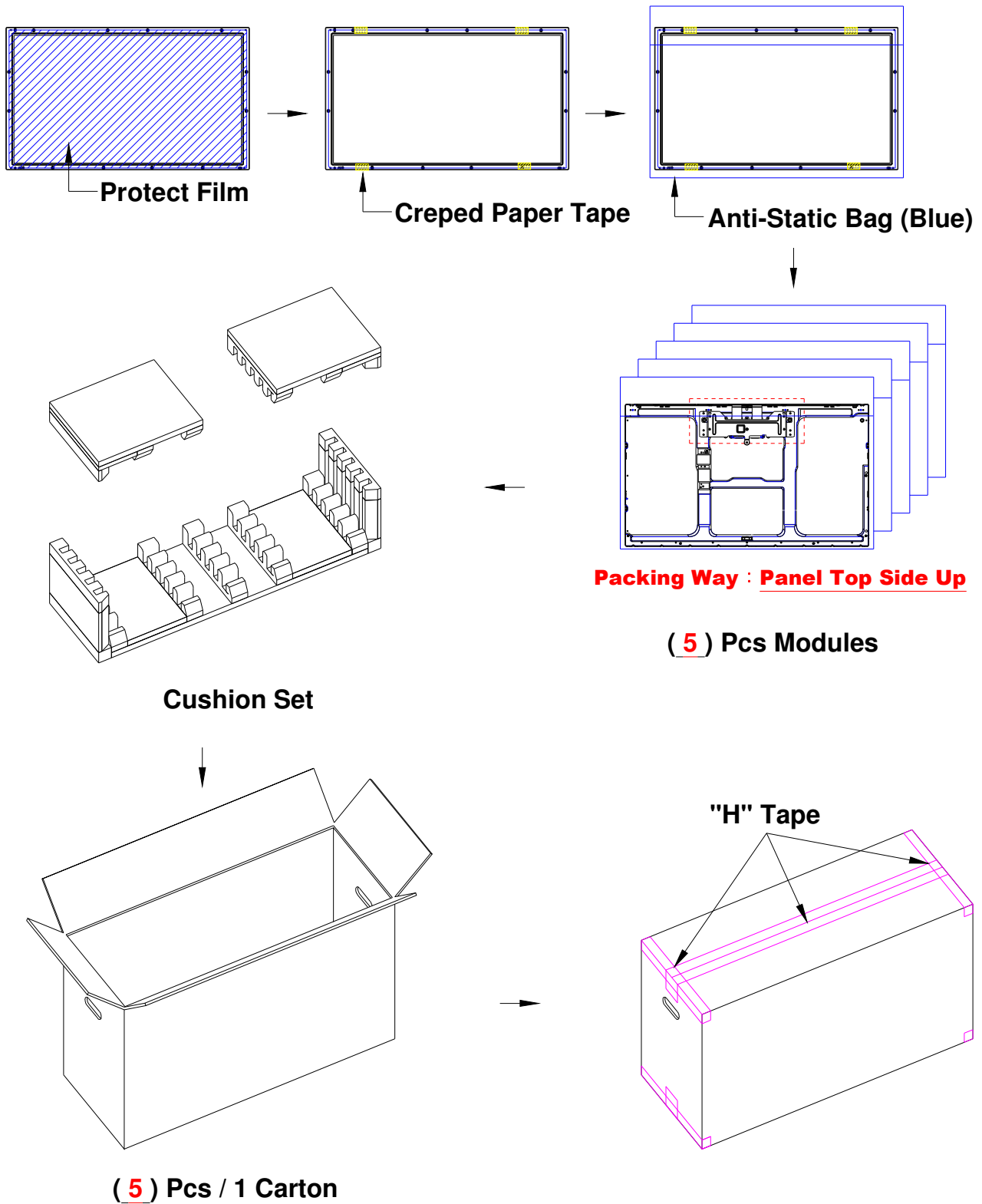
- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add  for identification.
- (2) For RoHS compatible products, AUO will add  for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### B. Carton Label:

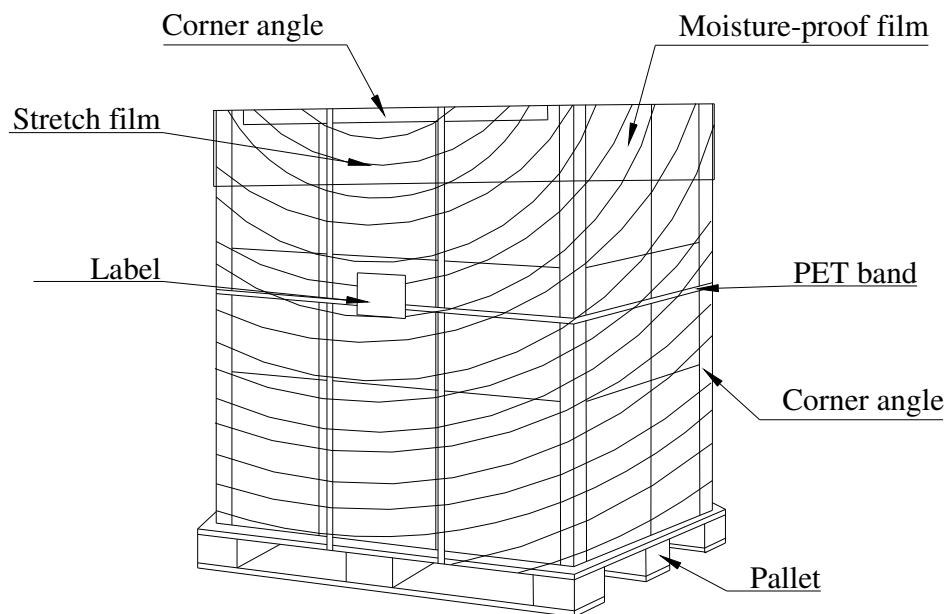
AU Optronics	QTY : 5	RoHS	
MODEL NO: T576DC01 V0			
PART NO: 97.57T01.0XX			
CUSTOMER NO:			
CARTON NO:			
Made in XXXXXX	*XXXXX-XXXXXXXXXX*		

## 8-2 PACKING METHODS:



### 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item	Specification			Packing Remark
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	
1	Packing BOX	5pcs/box	1540(L)*375(W)*730(H)	113	Box = 7 kg Cushion = 6 kg
2	Pallet	1	1660(L)*1150(W)*138(H)	16	
3	Boxes per Pallet	3 boxes/pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	15 pcs/pallet			
	Pallet after packing	28	1660(L)*1150(W)*868(H)	580	



## 9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaked with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:  
 $V = \pm 200\text{mV}$  (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall

be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.